

# Water Quality Studies on the Great Salt Lake, Utah

## Developing a Selenium Standard

Utah Water Quality Board  
Meeting

August 18, 2006.

William O. Moellmer, Ph.D.  
Utah Division of Water Quality



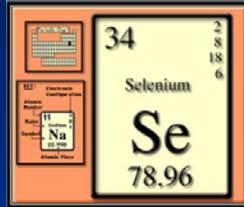
# Great Salt Lake Water Quality Studies

Program Objective:

Set a Site-Specific Numeric  
Water Quality Standard for  
Selenium for the Open Waters  
of the Great Salt Lake

What activities are necessary to  
achieve an interim Selenium standard  
by September 2007?

# Biomagnification up the Food Chain



Selenium in  
the Water

→  
0.7 ug/l -> 4 mg/l



Brine Fly



How much does  
the Se bio-magnify  
between the water  
and the bugs?



Brine Shrimp

# Biomagnification up the Food Chain

Brine  
Flies &  
Brine  
Shrimp



Eared Grebe



California  
Gull



Black-Necked  
Stilt

How much does  
the Se bio-magnify  
between the bugs  
and the birds?

# Biomagnification up the Food Chain

Birds → Chicks

How much does the Se bio-magnify between birds and the chicks?



# Biomagnification up the Food Chain

BFA: BioAccumulation Factor

BFA?

Chicks

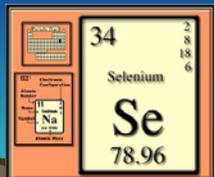
Birds

BFA?

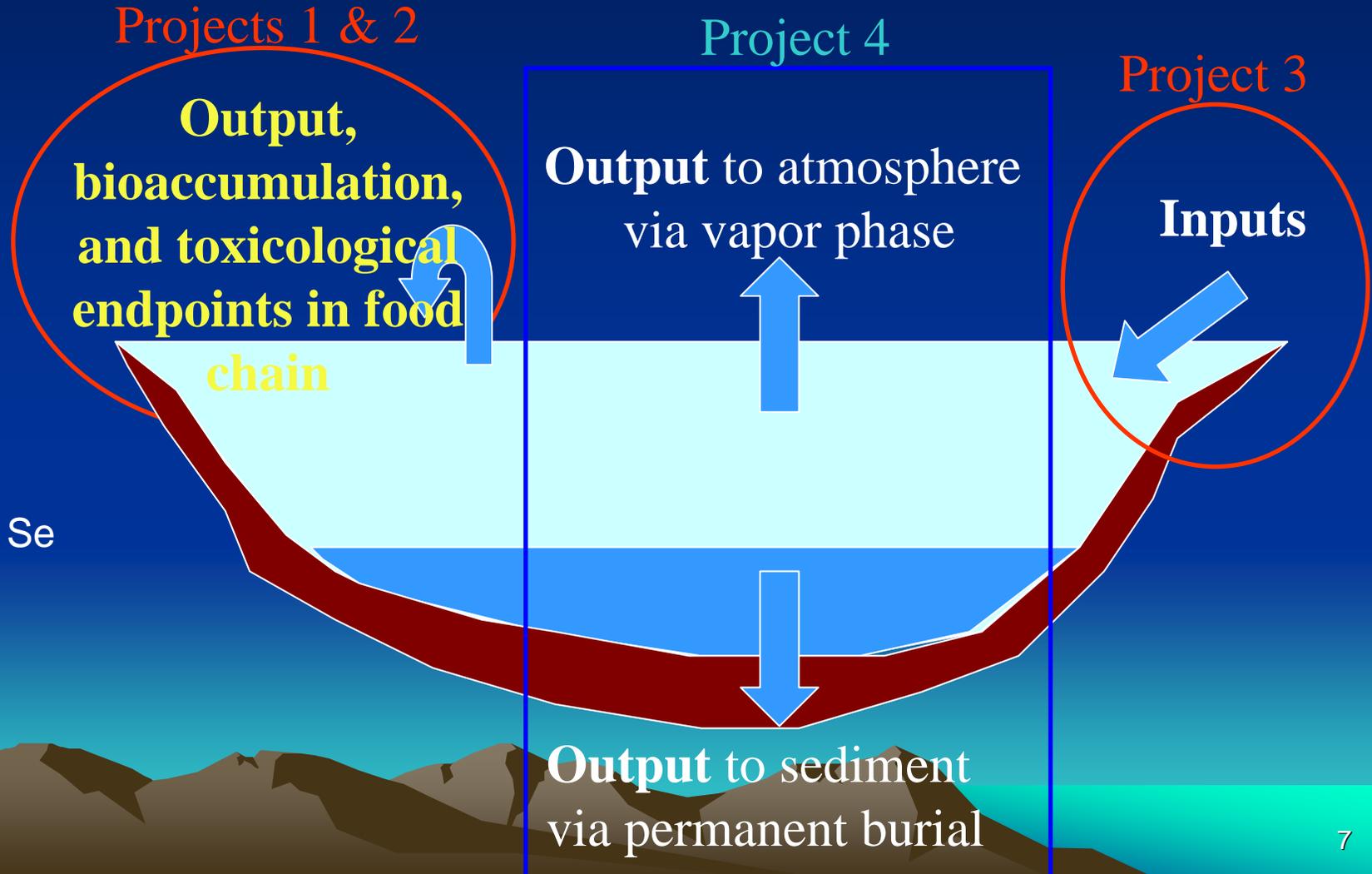
Brine Flies  
& Brine  
Shrimp

BFA?

Water



# Science Panel Identified Four Projects to Meet Objective



Is the chemistry such as that the concentration of Se in the lake is independent of input sources?

# Project 1 – Avian Ecology

- Principal Investigators
  - Michael Conover, PhD [USU]
  - John Cavitt, PhD [Weber State]
  - Clay Perschon
- Project Advisors
  - Gary Santolo, MS [CH2MHill]



# Project 1 – Avian Ecology

## Project Objective

Determine Se flux from bird diet to critical end points by determining ambient selenium concentrations in water, brine shrimp, brine flies, other food items, birds and bird eggs.

# Project 1 – Avian Ecology

## Project Objective

Determine potential selenium effects on critical end points

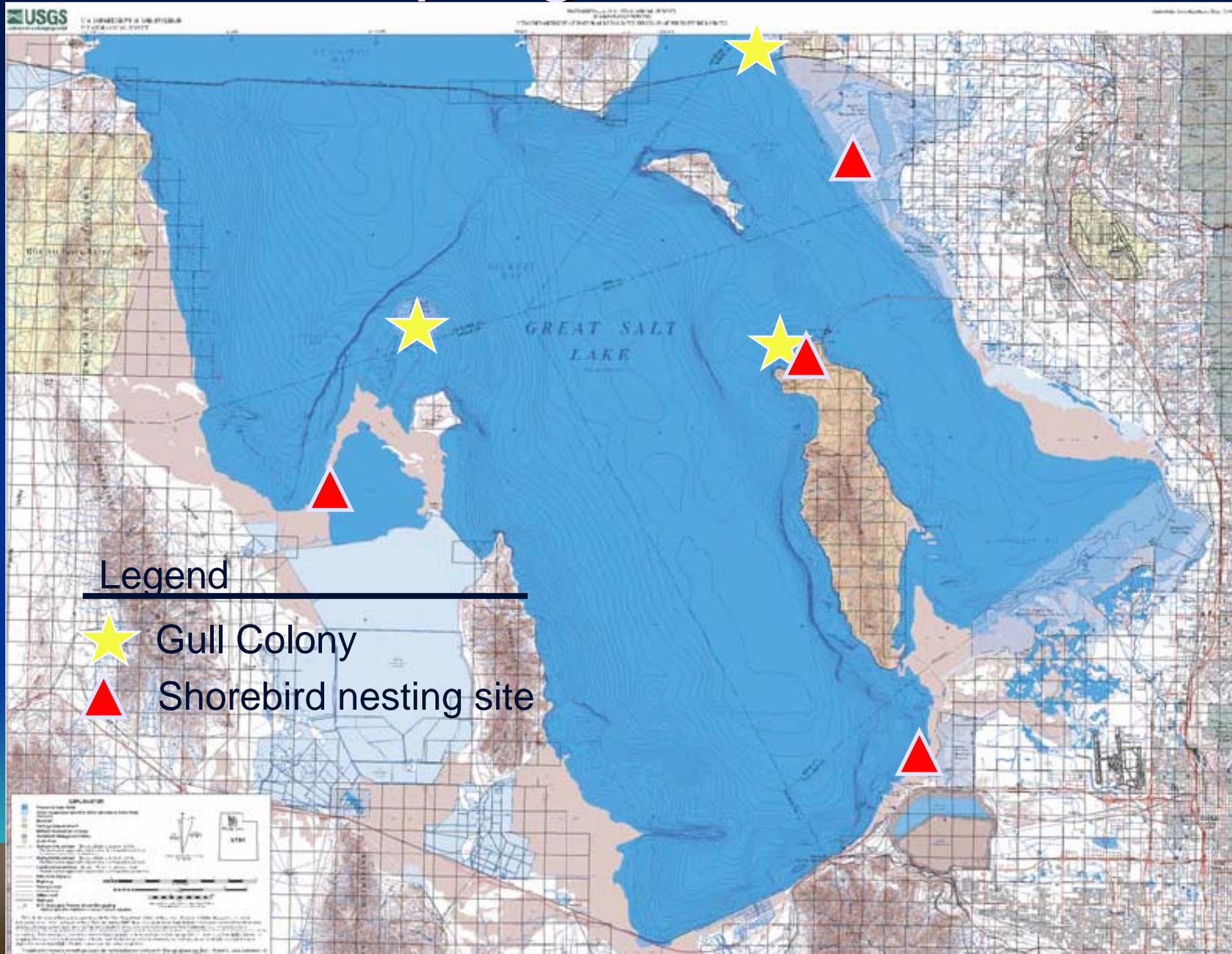
- biomagnification
- reproductive effects
- tissue burdens & survival

# Project 1 – Avian Ecology

## Project Tasks

1. Identify Nesting Sites [Completed]
  - Avocets/Stilts – 4 locations
  - California Gulls – 3 locations
2. Locate Foraging Areas [Completed]
3. Collect Adult Birds [Completed]
4. Sample Food Items, Sediment and Water [Completed]

# Sampling Locations



# Project 1 – Avian Ecology

## Project Tasks

5. Collect Eggs [Completed]
6. Revisit Nests to Check for Deformities [Completed]
7. Determine Se Concentrations [In Process]
8. Collect Over-wintering Birds
  1. Eared Grebes (October –January)
  2. Ducks (December – March)

# Project 2 – Aquatic Ecology

- Principal Investigators
  - Wayne Wurtsbaugh, PhD [USU]
  - Brad Marden [Parliament Fisheries]
- Project Advisor
  - Earl Byron, PhD [CH2MHill]



# Project 2 – Aquatic Ecology

## Project Objective

Determine spatial and temporal variation in Se concentrations in the water and in pelagic and benthic food web components leading to the birds of interest.

# Project 2 – Aquatic Ecology

## Project Tasks

- 1. Collect Periphyton, Brine Fly Larvae, Pupae and Adults in Benthic Habitats for Se Analyses [Field Work Completed]**
  - Preliminary Study to Determine Link to Bird Diet (Two Locations)
  - Test Benthic Sampling Protocols That Have Never Been Used on GSL
  - Includes Sampling at Sandy, Muddy and Stromatolite Locations

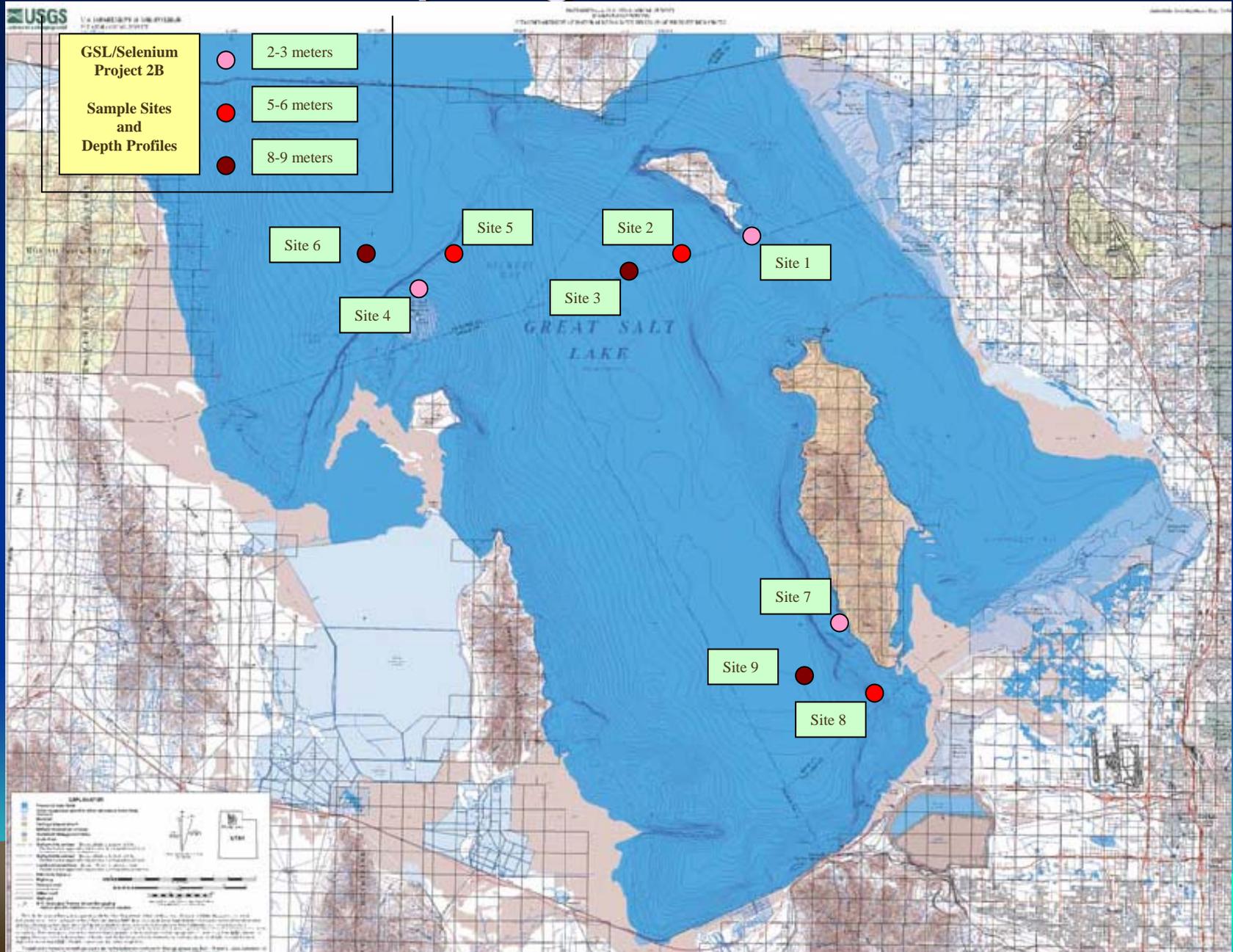
# Project 2 – Aquatic Ecology

## Project Tasks

### 2. Synoptic Survey of Water, Seston & Artemia *[In Process]*

- Document the Temporal and Spatial Characteristics of Total Se Concentration in Water and Correlate with Seston and Artemia Tissue Concentrations
- Correlate Isotopic  $^{15}\text{N}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  Levels with Se Concentration in Artemia tissue
- Monitor Primary Production Indicators and Record Artemia Population Dynamics

# Sampling Locations



# Project 3 – Selenium Loads

- Principal Investigators
  - Dave Naftz, PhD [USGS]
  - Bill Johnson, PhD [UofU]
- Project Advisor
  - Earl Byron, PhD [CH2MHill]



# Project 3 – Selenium Loads

## Project Objective

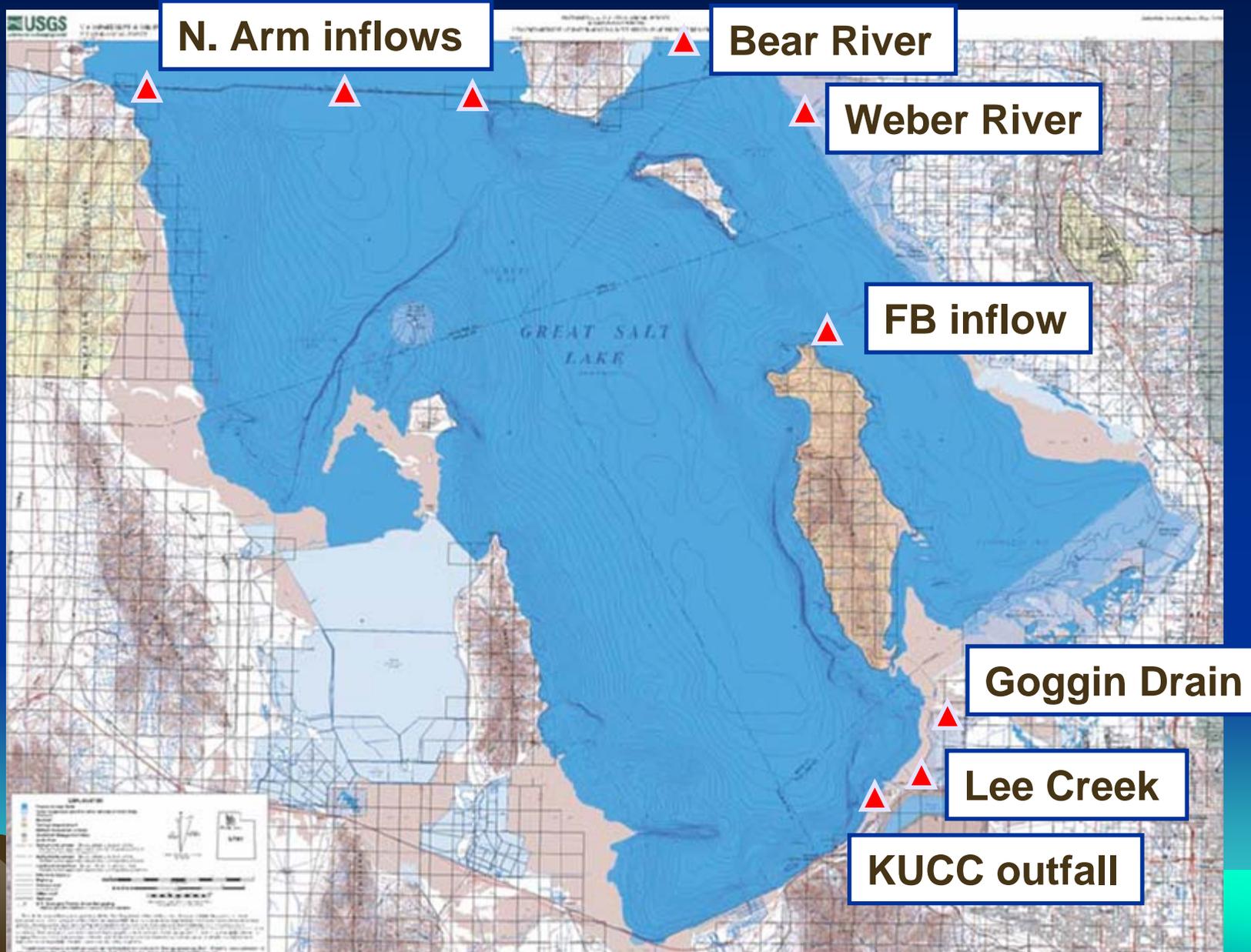
Measure discharge and Se loads from various sources to open waters of the Great Salt Lake to understand inputs to the ecosystem.

# Project 3 – Selenium Loads

## Project Tasks

1. Analyze USGS Archived Samples for Se Loads [Outside Contract Completed.]
2. Install Stream Gages on all Primary Point Sources of Se Loading to the Main Body of GSL [Completed. See USGS Website]
3. Monitoring/Modeling of Se Loadings to GSL (Natural & Point Sources) [In Process/2007]
4. Estimation of Se Load to GSL From Groundwater (Duke University) (Outside [Contract])

# Gage Locations



# Project 4 – Se in Vapor/Sediment

- Principal Investigators
  - Bill Johnson, PhD [UofU]
  - Dave Naftz, PhD [USGS]
- Project Advisor
  - Earl Byron, PhD [CH2MHill]



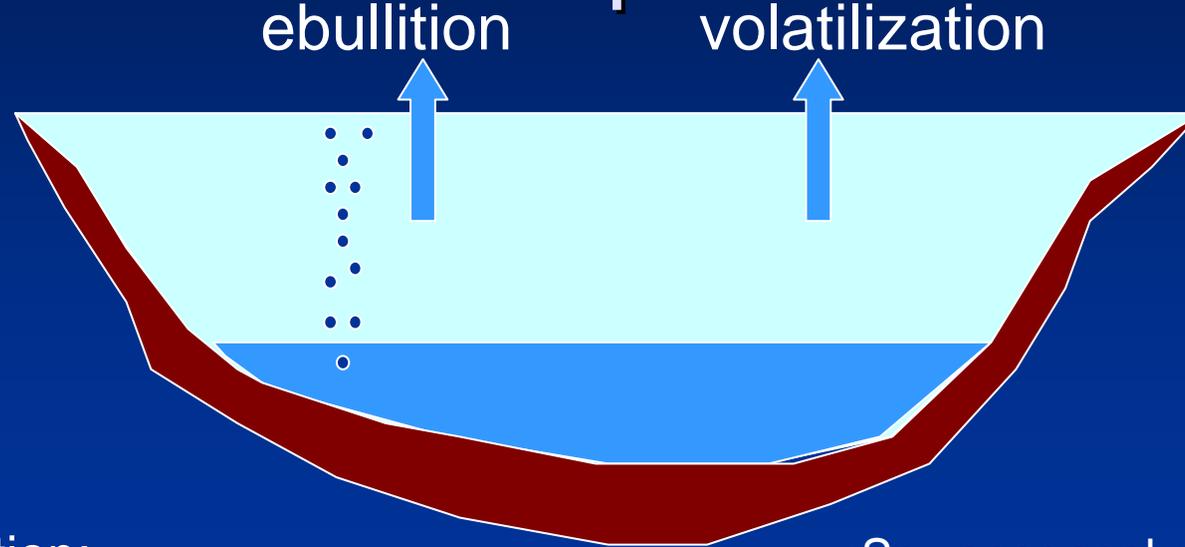
# Project 4 – Se in Vapor/Sediment

## Project Objective

1. Are volatilization and ebullition (bubbling) significant release mechanisms for Se from the GSL?
2. Is Se stored in sediment and do mixing events re-mobilize the Se?
3. Does changing water elevation/lake area re-introduce Se into the water column?

# Project 4 – Se In Vapor/Sediment

## Task 1. Vapor Selenium Flux

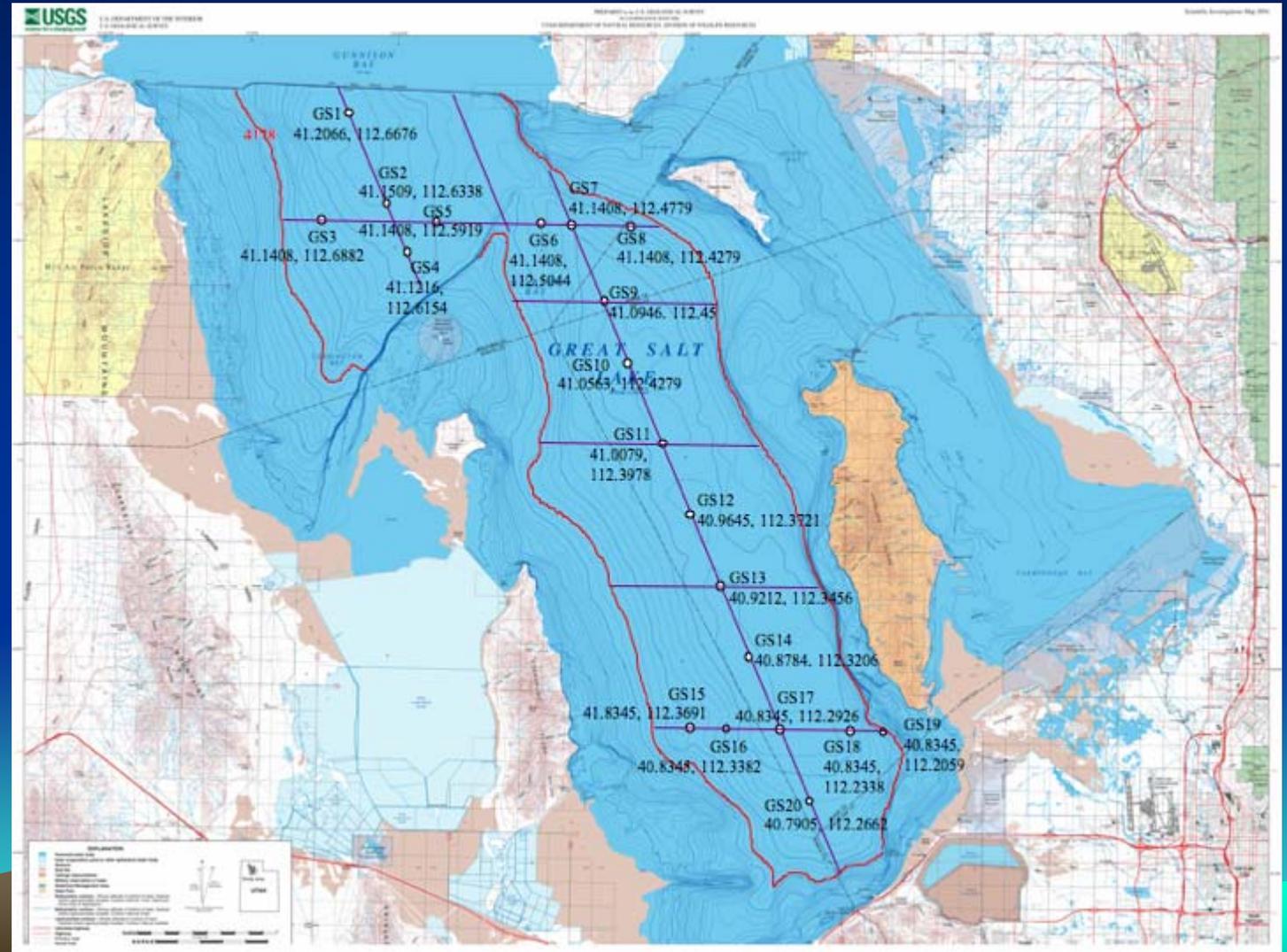


### Ebullition:

- 20 locations
- 5 depths
- Semi-monthly
- Boat-mounted total dissolved gas probes
- Vapor collection via floating flux chamber

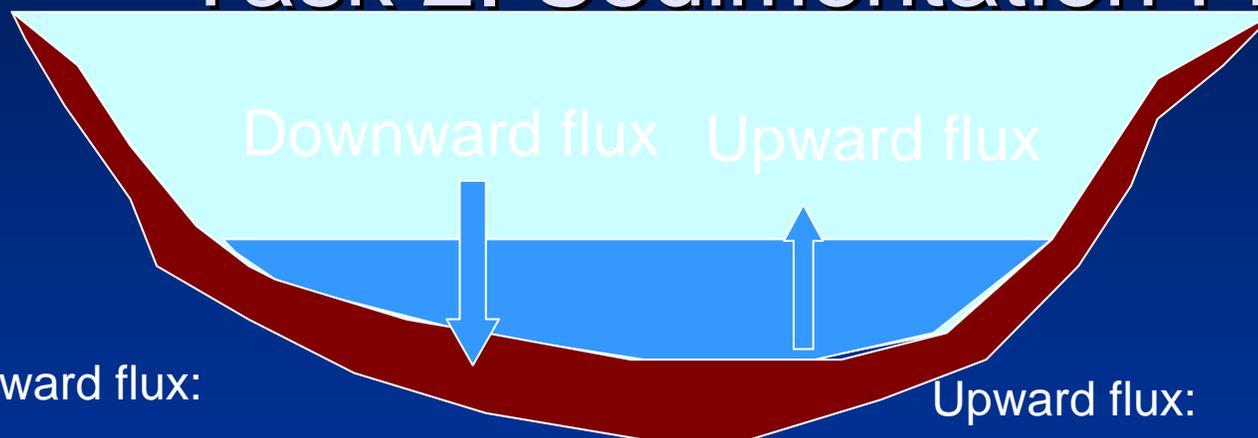
- Se vapor analyzed via quadrupole mass spectrometry
- Sediment grab samples for total organic carbon and total Se

# Project 4 – Se in Vapor/Sediment Total Dissolved Gas sampling locations



# Project 4 – Se In Vapor/Sediment

## Task 2. Sedimentation Flux



Downward flux:

- 2 sediment traps on lake bottom
- Sampled semi-monthly
- Water column samples at 2 depths at 2 locations
- Sampled semi-monthly

Upward flux:

- Thermistor string and turbidimeter deployed at five depths at two locations
- Retrieved semi-monthly
- Water column sampled following storm events

Total Se by extraction then HG-AA  
Se phase identification by and FFF-ICP-MS

# Vapor/Sediment

## Task 3. Lake Area

### Change/Permanency

#### Lake area change:

- 20 cores (submerged and exposed)
- Sequential extraction to determine Se release upon lake area change, e.g. submergence

#### Permanency:

- 3 cores
- Dating by  $^{137}\text{Cs}$
- Selenium accumulation rates over past
- Comparison to present sedimentation rate
- Yields permanency of sedimentation

Total Se by extraction then HG-AA  
Se phase identification by and FFF-ICP-MS  
Overall Se budget will be developed in this task

# Program Support Task

## Objective

**Provide technical direction, peer review/quality control, and coordination of all activities to achieve program objective while minimizing risk of challenge.**

# Program Support Task

## Project Tasks

1. Planning and Design
2. Coordination/Management
3. Technical Oversight
4. Establish Data Quality Objectives
5. Quality Assurance/Data Management

# Project Schedule

- Project 1: 4/2006 - 5/2007
- Project 2: 4/2006 – 11/2006
- Project 3: 3/2006 – 5/2008
- Project 4: 6/2006 – 5/2007

# Project Costs

<b>Project 1</b>	<b>\$312,900</b>
<b>Project 2</b>	<b>\$163,300</b>
<b>Project 3</b>	<b>\$213,600</b>
<b>Project 4</b>	<b>\$347,000</b>
<b>Program Support</b>	
<b>\$198,700</b>	
<b>Undefined Support for '07/'08</b>	
<b>\$106,200</b>	
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$1,341,700</b>
<b><i>USGS Matching Funds</i></b>	
<b>\$124,000</b>	
<b>Total Cost</b>	<b>\$1,465,700</b>

# Great Salt Lake Water Quality Studies

Science Panel Meeting:  
Planned for October 2007

Questions?

